

FACULTY OF BIOLOGY

## **Animal Systematics**

Module code	BIO 31101
Module level	Undergraduate
Abbreviation, if applicable	-
Sub-heading, if applicable	-
Courses included in the module, if applicable	-
Semester/ term	Even
Module coordinator(s)	Drs. Trijoo, M.Si.
Lecture(s)	<ol> <li>Drs. Bambang Agus Suripto, S.U., M.Sc.</li> <li>Dra. Siti Sumarmi, Ph.D.</li> <li>Dr. R.C. Hidayat Soesilohadi, M.Sc.</li> <li>Dra. R.r. Upiek Ngesti W.A., DAP &amp; E., M.Biomed.</li> <li>Soenarwan Hery Purwanto, M.Kes.</li> <li>Ratih Aryasari, S.Si., M.Si.</li> <li>Rury Eprilurahman, S.Si., M.Sc.</li> <li>Donan Satria Yudha, S.Si., M.Sc.</li> </ol>
Language	Indonesia
Classification within the Curriculum	<ol> <li>Compulsory</li> <li>This course is a basic course after students took and passed mandatory module which is General Biology. This course is about the study of animal diversity, their characters and classification.</li> </ol>
Teaching format/ class hours per week during the semester	<ol> <li>This course is organised into 2 parallel classes and planned to have 13 to 14 teaching weeks and 2- 3 weeks of examination.</li> <li>Schedule: Monday, 11.15 am – 12.50 pm.</li> <li>Room: IV and V.</li> <li>Delivery style: teacher and student centered learning, and discussion with assignment.</li> </ol>
Workload	Estimated working hour: 6 hours/week.
Credit points	3-1 credits
Requirements	General Biology (BIO 10001)
Learning goals/ competencies	<ol> <li>Knowledge and understanding         <ul> <li>Understand the basic principles of animal systematics and their applications.</li> <li>Increase the understanding on relationship between systematics and other biology sciences.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>



# FACULTY OF BIOLOGY

- c. Understand the theory and practices of taxonomy and also able to use field and laboratory equipment's to support research.
- d. Understand the basis concept of evolution and phylogeny.
- e. Increase understanding on systematics role in natural living resource management.
- f. Increase understanding on professionalism and ethics in systematics practices.

### 2. Ability/intelectual skill

- a. Increase analytical ability in problem solving related with systematics, both in the field and also in the laboratory.
- b. Evaluate and intregrate informations and data from various sources.
- c. Increase ability to evaluate the revisions of systematics works.

### 3. Practical skill

- a. Applying animal systematics concept in laboratory and field research.
- b. Using, integrating and evaluating information and data from many resources to answer the questions of assignments and reports.

## 4. Managerial and transferable skill

- a. Managing time effectively and efficiently to finish any assignments or laboratory practice.
- b. Able to compete and cooperate with any discipline of science.
- c. Able to communicate ideas and opinion orally or using information technology and communication tools.
- d. Able to manage resource effectively and efficiently, working individually and groups in any circumstances/conditions.

#### 5. Attitude

- a. Ability to resolve problems and finding resolution which connected to their specialty.
- b. Having curiousity on the field of animal systematics.
- c. Respect the originality of an idea, concept and other discoveries.
- d. Ability to resolve problems and finding resolution which connected to their specialty.
- e. Having sense of entrepreneurship.
- f. Adaptive to any environment conditions.
- g. Professional responsibility and scientific ethic as biological scientist to the scientific progress.



# FACULTY OF BIOLOGY

	<ul> <li>Appreciating the efforts in exploring, exploiting and preserving natural resources</li> </ul>
Content	Animal Systematics is a compulsory course on animal diversity, especially in Indonesia. This course covers principles in systematics, theory and practices in animal taxonomy, integrating phylogeny and taxonomy to represent relationships among animals. This course is fundamental for other biological sciences such as genetics, ecology, conservation and animal culture.
Study/ exam achievements	<ol> <li>Theory         <ul> <li>Midterm: 40 %</li> <li>Final examination: 40 %</li> <li>Presentation, quiz, and home works: 10 %</li> <li>Activity and attendance: 10 %</li> </ul> </li> <li>Laboratory work         <ul> <li>Weekly test: 30 %</li> <li>Weekly reports: 15 %</li> <li>Thematic reports: 15 %</li> <li>Final tes: 40 %</li> </ul> </li> <li>The final score formula of course subject:     <ul> <li>[(3 x theory) + (1 x laboratory work)]/ 4</li> </ul> </li> </ol>
Forms of media	Lecture, discussion and assignment presentment using power point presentation.
	Media which used in the delivery are LCD projector, laptop, eLISA UGM, whiteboard, and worksheet for quizzes.
Literature	<ol> <li>Ackers, R. et al., 2007. Sponges of the British Isles (Sponge V): a colour guide and working documents.</li> <li>Beesley, P.L., Ross, G.J.B. &amp; Wells, A. (eds) (1998). Mollusca: The Southern Synthesis. A Fauna of Australia. Vol.5. CSIRO Publishing: Melbourne, Part A.</li> <li>Beesley, P.L., Ross, G.J.B. &amp; Wells, A. (eds) (1998). Mollusca: The Southern Synthesis. A Fauna of Australia. Vol.5. CSIRO Publishing: Melbourne, Part B.</li> <li>Cogger, H.G. and R.G Zweifel. 2003. Encyclopedia of Reptiles and Amphibians. Frog City Press. San fransisco. Pp: 240.</li> <li>Dance, Peter S., 1992. Shells. Dorling Kindersley, London.</li> <li>Dorit, Robert L. Warren F walker, Jr., Robert D Barnes. 1991. Zoology. Saunders College Publishing. USA. Pp: 236 – 253.</li> <li>Hooper, J.N.A., van Soest, R.W.M. (eds. ) 2002. Systema Porifera: A Guide to the Classification of Sponges. Kluwer Academic/Plenum Publishers, New York.</li> </ol>



# FACULTY OF BIOLOGY

8. Iskandar, D.T., 1998. Amfibi Jawa dan Bali: Seri
Panduan Lapangan. Cetakan pertama, Puslitbang
Diologi-LiFi, Doyol. Hal. I – 7. 9. Jeffrey, C. 1973. <i>Biological Nomenclature</i> 3rd ed
Edward Arnold London
10 Kottelat M A.I Whitten S.N Kartikasari and S
Wirioatmodio, 1993, Fresh Water Fishes of Western
Indonesia and Sulawesi. Periplus Editions Limited.
Jakarta.
11.Lagler, K.F, J.E. Bardach, R.R. Miller, and D.R.M.
Passino. 1977. Ichthyology, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition. John Wiley
and Sons Company. Toronto, Canada.
12.Mayr, E. & P.D. Ash. 1991. Principles of Systematic
Zoology. Mc Graw Hill, Inc. pp.475.
13.Nelson, Joseph S., 2006. <i>Fishes of The World</i> . 4 <sup>th</sup> ed.
John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New Jersey.
14.Orr, R.T. 1976. Vertebrate Biology. 4 <sup>th</sup> ed. W.B.
Saunders Company. Philadelphia, USA.
15. Pecnenik, J.A. 2000. Biology of the Invertebrates.
McGraw-Hill Higher Education. Singapore.
A H Sovitzky and K D Wolls 1998 Hornotology
Prentice-Hall Inc. Upper Saddle River, New Jersey
Pn <sup>-</sup> 138 169
17. Ross, H. H., 1974, Biological Systematics, Addison -
Wesley Publishing Company, Inc. London, pp. 345.
18. Ruppert, E.E., and R.D. Barnes. 1994. Invertebrate
Zoology. 6th ed. International Edition. Saunders
College Publishing, USA.
19. Saanin, H., 1968. Taksonomi dan Kunci Determinasi
Ikan I dan II. Penerbit Binatjipta. PD Grafika Unit II –
Bandung.
20. Sokal, R.R., 1986. Phenetic Taxonomy: Theory and
Methods. Annu. Rev. Ecol. Syst. 17: 423-442.
M 2005 Avertebrate air lilid 1 Penebar Swadaya
Jakarta
22 Suwignyo, S., Widigdo, B., Wardiatno, Y., dan Krisanti,
M. 2005. Avertebrata air. Jilid 2. Penebar Swadaya.
Jakarta.
23.van Hoesel, J.K.P., 1959. Ophidia Javanica.
Kementerian Pertanian. Lembaga Pusat Penjelidikan
Alam. Museum Zoologicum Bogoriense. Pertjetakan
Archipel – Bogor.
24. Veron, J.E.N. 2000. Corals of the World, vol. 1,2,3.
The Australian Institutes of Marine Science,
Queensiand.
20. Wiley, E.U.D Siegel-Causey, DK. & V. A. FUNK. 1991.
procedures. The University of Kanasa Museum of
Natural History Special Publication No. 10, pp. 159
$\mathbf{r}_{\mathbf{a}}$