

PLANT BIOSYSTEMATICS

Module code	BIO-71010			
Module level	2 nd year of Master Program in Biology			
Abbreviation, if applicable	-			
Courses related	-			
Semester	Even			
Course coordinator(s)	1. Dr. Purnomo, M.S.			
Lecture(s)	 Dr. Purnomo, M.S. Rina Sri Kasiamdari, S.Si., Ph.D. Dr. Ratna Susandarini, M.Sc. 			
Language	Bahasa Indonesia and English			
Classification within the Curriculum	Compulsory Courses Specific for Field of Interest			
Teaching format/class hours per week during the semester	This course is organized into one class and planned to have 14 teaching weeks and 2 weeks of examination.			
Workload	Estimated working hour: 10.5 hours/week.			
Credit	3-0 credits			
Requirements	BIO-61008, BIO-61009, BIO-61012			
Course Learning Outcome	 Able to master and apply the practical application of plant biosystematics in both botanical and agronomic aspects. Able to master and evaluate phenotypic and genotypic variations of a plant taxon (species), classification systems, evolutionary mechanisms, 			



	the use of characters in plant biosystematics, and methods to measure relatedness. 3. Able to correctly compose a proposal for				
2 11 1	researches in plant biosystematics.				
Syllabus	Plant Biosystematics is a compulsory subject of botany				
	interest learning about the biological and applied aspects				
	of plant systematics. History, scope of plant				
	biosystematics, and its practical application, Phenotypic variations and plant genotypes, Breeding system and hybridization, Species concepts, Evolutionary mechanisms in plants, Sources of scientific evidence; Formal, non-				
	formal classification and their application in botanical				
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	analysis and plant cultivation, Phenetic, phylogenetic				
	relationships and the application of analytical methods.				
Study/exam achievements	a. Midterm: 30%				
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	c. Weekly quizzes: 10%				
	d. Group assignments : 20%				
Forms of media	White board, notebook, LCD				
Reference	1. Harlan, J.R. & J.M.J. de Wet, 1986. Problem in				
	merging populations and counterfeit hybrids.				
	Infraspecific Classification of Wild and Cultivated				
	Plants. The Systematic Association No. 29.				
	Clarendon Press, Oxford. P: 71-76.				
	 Hawkes, J.G., 1986. Infraspecific Classification the Problems. Infraspecific Classification of Wild and 				
	Cultivated Plants. The Systematic Association No.				
	29. Clarendon Press, Oxford. P: 1-7.				
	3. Jones, S. B. & A.E. Luchsinger, 1986. Plant				
	Systematic. 2nd edition. Mc Graw-Hill Publishing				
	Company. New York. Pp. 1-80.				
	4. Judd, W.S., C.S. Campbell, E.A. Kellogg, & P.F.				
	Stevens, 1999. Plant Systematics A Phyllogenetic				
	Approach. Sinauer Assosiates, Inc. Publishers.				
	Sunderland. Massachussets. USA. P.: 27-106,				
	195-197.				
	5. Komar, T.E., 1999. Petunjuk Teknis Analisa DNA				
	dengan Random Amplified Polymorphic DNA				
	(RAPD). Laboratorium Genetika Molekuler. Departemen Kehutanan dan Perkebunan,				
	BALITBANG Kehutanan, Balai Penelitian dan				
	Pengenbangan Benih Tanaman Hutan. P: 1-22				
	6. Radford A.E., 1986. Fundamentals of Plant				
	Systematics. Harper & Row Publisher Inc. P: 217-				
	248.				
	7. Sambrook, J., E.F. Fritsch, & T. Maniatis, 1989.				
	Molecular Cloning: a laboratory manual. 2nd ed.				
	N.Y., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Cold Spring				



THE MODULE HANDBOOK

FACULTY OF BIOLOGY MASTER PROGRAMME

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- Harbor Laboratory Press. 1989. ISBN 0-87969-309-6.
- 8. Sokal, R.R. & P.H.A. Sneath, 1963. Principles of Numerical Taxonomy. W.H. Freeman and Company. San Fransisco and London. P: 60-166.
- 9. Stace, C.A., 1986. Infraspecific Classification-the Problems. Infraspecific Classification of Wild and Cultivated Plants. The Systematic Association No. 29. Clarendon Press, Oxford. P: 9-20.
- Stace, C., 1989. Plant Taxonomy and Biosystematics. Second Edition. Cambridge University Press. P: 69-99.
- 11. Williams, J.G.K., A.R. Kubelik, K.J. Livak, J.A. Rafalski, & S.V. Tingey. 1990. DNA polymorphism amplified by arbitrary primers are useful as genetic markers. Nucleic Acid Res. 18 (22): 6531-6535.